

GluR-2 rabbit pAb antibody

| Catalog No : | Source: | Concentration : | Mol.Wt. (Da): |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|
| A15102 | Rabbit | 1 mg/ml | 98821 |
| Applications | WB,IHC,IF,ELISA | | |
| Reactivity | Human,Mouse,Rat | | |
| Dilution | WB: 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100 - 1:300. IF: 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in other applications. | | |
| Storage | -20°C/1 year | | |
| Specificity | GluR-2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of GluR-2 protein. | | |
| Source / Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. | | |
| Immunogen | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human GluR2. AA range:834-883 | | |
| Uniprot No | P42262 | | |
| Alternative names | GRIA2; GLUR2; Glutamate receptor 2; GluR-2; AMPA-selective glutamate receptor 2; GluR-B; GluR-K2; Glutamate receptor ionotropic; AMPA 2; GluA2 | | |
| Form | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. | | |
| Clonality | Polyclonal | | |
| Isotype | IgG | | |
| Conjugation | | | |
| Background | <p>glutamate ionotropic receptor AMPA type subunit 2(GRIA2) Homo sapiens</p> <p>Glutamate receptors are the predominant excitatory neurotransmitter receptors in the mammalian brain and are activated in a variety of normal neurophysiologic processes. This gene product belongs to a family of glutamate receptors that are sensitive to alpha-amino-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-isoxazole propionate (AMPA), and function as ligand-activated cation channels. These channels are assembled from 4 related subunits, GRIA1-4. The subunit encoded by this gene (GRIA2) is subject to RNA editing (CAG->CGG; Q->R) within the second transmembrane domain, which is thought to render the channel impermeable to Ca(2+). Human and animal studies suggest that pre-mRNA editing is essential for brain function, and defective GRIA2 RNA editing at the Q/R site may be relevant to amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) etiology. Alternative splicing, resulting in transcript variants enco</p> | | |
| Other | GRIA2, Glutamate receptor 2 | | |

Product Images:**Application Key:**

WB-Western IP-Immunoprecipitation IHC-Immunohistochemistry CHIP-Chromatin Immunoprecipitation
IF-Immunofluorescence F-Flow Cytometry E-P-ELISA-Peptide

Species Cross-Reactivity Key:

H-Human M-Mouse R-Rat Hm-Hamster Mk-Monkey Vir-Virus Mi-Mink C-Chicken Dm-D. melanogaster
X-Xenopus Z-Zebrafish B-Bovine Dg-Dog Pg-Pig Sc-S. cerevisiae Ce-C. elegans Hr-Horse All-All
Species Expected

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